Outline: The Roles of Men and Women in the Nomadic Hunter-Gatherer Society

(Case Study: Kung People of Southern Africa)

Student’s Name

Institution Affiliation

Course Name

Date

Outline

* Hunters and gatherers were predominately practiced with some of the communities in extensive Eurasia, African, and some parts of South American.
* The impact of globalization has adversely affected the modern hunting and gathering communities, for instant, KhoiKhoi and the San in Southern Africa
* The general attitude and perspectives toward civilization and societal organization, the hunters and gatherers are considered the minimum threshold.
* The lack of any visible organization, be it socially, politically, or cultural, gave most early scholars a general stereotype against most communities that hunting and gathering was the central core of the socio-economic factors that were primarily to the community's existence.
* The ecological pressure from the ever-increasing population has also impacted the reducing numbers of hunters and gatherers
* The general analysis of these communities was chiefly marred with stereotyping to the extent that the latest intensive study of the same communities proved otherwise. The nonformal matters about ethics, morals and mutual respect have more these communities more resilient against all odds.
* The robust social organization has played critical roles in long-run sustainability and built the overall resilience of the Kung community and other hunters and gatherers in the extensive Kalahari Desert in the Southern African region