**Meaning of Life**

Student's Name

Institutional Affiliation

Course Name: Course Code

Professor's Name

Due Date

**How Individuals Find Meaning in their life according to Hegel**

According to Hegel, you can find meaning in your life by helping humanity move toward a better, more perfect, and more accessible world. He concluded that as he believes that as history advances, people develop more to acknowledge that humans are essentially free. The recognition results that people should be allowed to be free. Hegel asserts that in the prehistoric 'Oriental" empires of Egypt, India, and China, only a single person, the emperor, was liberated, and everybody else was treated dictatorially (Norris, 2021). These empires were overthrown by Greek and Roman empires where all people were acknowledged as liberated; therefore, the freedom ould be the reason for their success. Hegel asserts that if the individual persons deliberately turn out a progressive movement in history, their life will be of significance. Hegel considers the" German nations,' as modern countries as they eradicated slavery and all citizens are acknowledged as free. All meaning for the individual depends upon entering and contributing within the spirit of their age; the exact way freedom is developing throughout the person's lifetime (Roche, 2019). I think he is right as history continues moving toward an enhanced and ideal world. In obtaining meaning in life, people should join in conquering the old capitalist systems, which will offer a way to the innovative, free society. He is also right as freedom ensures there is the enlightenment of people leading to growth in general.

**Sartre claims the existence of God.**

The hypothetical death of God appeared for Sartre, as it occurred for Friedrich Nietzsche a century before, within the transvaluation of the community's highest sanctified and authoritative principles. Inexistence of God, Sartre claims that there lacks pre-given human nature to which people's activities should remain faithful. Additionally, he illustrates the inexistence of God; there lack no eternal ethical values and no innate meaning of life (Roche, 2019). Certainly, it is particular as human beings have no imago Dei, precisely as "there lack God to consider" their nature. Therefore individuals have independent control over their personality and impose self-originating preference via volitional deeds of meaning. He then asserts that the concept of God as a consciousness that establishes its being is an impractical creation of the in-itself (Roessiger,2019).

**Aristotle's view of life**

Aristotle claims happiness is the aim of all human existence as happiness is no means to anything else. Happiness is the final, and all other features of life work as means to this end. An instance of this is through asking somebody why they act the way they operate. It can be done via a line of questioning, where the most likely answer will be, "since I want to be happy." Different individuals act innocently to obtain happiness. It can be achieved by custom and learning by example (Roche, 2019). Aristotle illustrates that to be happy, one has to live a satisfying and good life. He additionally states that being happy does not imply that each moment of somebody's life has to be satisfied. In life, there are hard occasions and trials, and everybody has to go through them. However, individuals dealing with the hard experiences in the most righteous means are generally happy. Happiness is the ultimate ending to each other means (Norris, 2021). I could live such a life, and I believe that most people wish to live a happy life. A happy life ensures satisfaction and contentment in a person's life, helping them to enjoy all aspects of life. Happiness reduces the impacts of pressures and strains faced in life; hence that's my desire.

Reference

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